

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Current Opinion in Colloid & Interface Science

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/cocis



Biopolymer-based coacervates: Structures, functionality and applications in food products



Thomas Moschakis *, Costas G. Biliaderis

Department of Food Science and Technology, School of Agriculture, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, GR-541 24, Thessaloniki, Greece

ARTICLE INFO

Article history: Received 19 September 2016 Received in revised form 13 March 2017 Accepted 15 March 2017 Available online 21 March 2017

Keywords:
Coacervates
Biopolymer assemblies
Microencapsulation
Delivery systems
Food products

ABSTRACT

Complex coacervates are self-assembly structures with many potential functional properties. Coacervates are mainly fabricated from proteins and polysaccharides and therefore they can be designed to function over a wide range of conditions in food products by withstanding adverse environmental stresses during manufacturing and storage and even upon passage through the human digestive track. They can be utilized to encapsulate bioactive compounds in order to protect these sensitive ingredients from chemical and physical degradation in a food product during storage and manufacturing as well as during the gastrointestinal tract transition, and thereby improve their biological (physiological) efficacy. Recent advances and achievements are discussed, including the basic principles of structural transitions of interacting biopolymers and formation of coacervates along with their potential use in food products as well as ways to improve their functional performance in conjunction with other physicochemical processes for structuring macromolecular assemblies.

© 2017 Published by Elsevier Ltd.