

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Food Chemistry

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/foodchem



Green extraction of polyphenols from whole pomegranate fruit using cyclodextrins



Amalia C. Diamanti ^a, Panagiotis E. Igoumenidis ^a, Ioannis Mourtzinos ^{b,*}, Konstantina Yannakopoulou ^c, Vaios T. Karathanos ^a

ARTICLE INFO

Article history: Received 29 March 2016 Received in revised form 8 July 2016 Accepted 10 July 2016

Chemical compounds studied in this article: Beta-cyclodextrin (PubChem CID: 6518168) Hydroxypropyl-beta-cyclodextrin (PubChem CID: 44134771) DPPH, free radical (PubChem CID: 2735032) Trolox (PubChem CID: 40634)

Keywords:
Cyclodextrins
Polyphenols
Inclusion complex formation
NMR spectroscopy
Extraction

ABSTRACT

Pomegranate is a source of bioactive phytochemicals. The objective of this study was the derivation of a sustainable method to exploit the whole fruit, both edible and non-edible parts, as a source of polyphenols. Pomegranate peel contains a 10-fold higher phenolic content than the pulp. The fruit was freeze-dried and the resulting dry matter was extracted with solid-liquid percolation equipment using non-toxic and eco-friendly extraction solvents: either deionized water or aqueous solutions of cyclodextrins. Cyclodextrins (CDs) are known molecular encapsulators and our results prove enhancement of the extraction of pomegranate polyphenols by 20%. In order to examine the formation of inclusion complexes between CD's and polyphenols of the extract, polyphenols were isolated using solid-phase extraction. NMR studies with the purified extracts and the individual CDs confirmed inclusion complex formation in water. Pomegranate liquid extracts may be used as raw materials for several end-users in the food, cosmetic and pharmaceutical industries.

© 2016 Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.

^a Laboratory of Chemistry – Biochemistry – Physical Chemistry of Foods, Department of Nutrition & Dietetics, Harokopion University, 70 El. Venizelou Str., Kallithea, 17671 Athens, Greece

^b Department of Food Science and Technology, Faculty of Agriculture, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, 54124 Thessaloniki, Greece

^c Institute of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, NCSR "Demokritos", Patriarchou Gregoriou and Neapoleos Str., Aghia Paraskevi, 15310 Athens, Greece